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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/864,927	05/24/2001	Lee E. Cannon	IGT1P482X1/AG32-CIP	2424
79646 7590 11/12/2008 Weaver Austin Villeneuve & Sampson LLP - IGT			EXAMINER	
Attn: IGT P.O. Box 70250	•	WONG, JEFFREY KEITH		
Oakland, CA 94612-0250			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3714	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/12/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/864,927	CANNON ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Jeffrey K. Wong	3714			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 Au	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 34-38 and 55-64 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 6,34-38 and 55 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	vn from consideration. election requirement.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the confidence of th	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8/22/2008.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	te			

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DETAILED ACTION

Status of the Application

- 1. This Office-Action acknowledges the Amendment filed on 8/22/2008 and is a response to said Amendment.
- 2. This Office-Action acknowledges the Request for Reconsideration filed on 8/22/2008 and is a response to said request.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 34, 38, 58-59, 64 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Acres USPUB 2001/0055990 (Acres) in view of Pascal 2003/0130041 (Pascal) and Bennett, US 6/572,471 (Bennett) Regarding Claim 34, 58

Acres discloses of a slot machine (Abstract) that can have its rate of play changed (Abstract) in order to change payback percentages (Abstract) because it would be desirable for the casino to set the cost to the player at a higher level during high

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demand periods and at a lower level, to attract players, during low demand periods(Para 12).

Acres failed to disclose that the gaming machines can be configured for tournament play.

However, Pascal teaches of a system for playing games of chance, and more particularly to a method and apparatus for allowing a number of players to participate simultaneously in a tournament using a plurality of gaming terminals networked together and under control of a master terminal(para 2) because it would make tournament play more available to all who would enjoy the play, simplify the establishment's monitoring requirements, and reduce overhead expense(para 6).

Acres fails to disclose the tournament being initiated in response to the occurrence of a qualifying outcome of the at least one primary game of chance.

However, Bennett teaches of a slot machine (Col 1, lines 8-10) that has the ability to go into a tournament mode based on the outcome of a primary game (Col 6, lines 46-50) as means of keeping players amused and therefore willing to continue playing (Col 1, lines 16-17)

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the variable slot machine of Acres' invention, with slot machine tournament teachings of Pascal and the primary game qualification teachings of Bennett's invention because it would attract players to the machine during low demand periods as well as reduce overhead expense as taught by Pascal and keep players amused as taught by Bennett.

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Regarding Claim 38.

Pascal discloses of how the tournament game will revert back to normal after a

predetermined period of time.(Abstract)

Regarding Claim 59.

Acres teaches of how the rate of play can be changed based on the time of day (para

42. In this case, the time can be viewed as automatically set.)

Regarding claim 64

Pascal discloses qualifying for play in the tournament game by tendering a wager

(Abstract. In this case, the wager is the entry fee)

5. Claims 35, 55-57, 59 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Acres USPUB 2001/0055990 (Acres) and Pascal 2003/0130041 (Pascal) and

Bennett, US 6,572,471 (Bennett) in view of Giaclone, US 5,758,875 (Giaclone).

Regarding Claim 35

Giacalone teaches of a rate control (Abstract) that can be used to adjust the play speed

of a gaming machine such as a slot machine (Col 4, lines 7-25) in order to contribute to

the feeling that the player was at least partially in control of the operation of the gaming

machine (Col 1, lines 34-36) and delays the onset of boredom and allows the players to

play the game at the frequency which is most comfortable to him (Col 2, lines 41-43).

It would have been obvious to incorporate such a teaching with the above invention to delay the onset of boredom as taught by Giacalone.

Regarding Claim 55.

Giacalone teaches of how the rate of play can be changed during completion of game play (Col 4, lines 20-25. In this case, the number of plays can be viewed as 1)

Regarding Claims 56-57.

Gaicalone teaches of how the rate of play can be increased or decreased (Abstract).

6. Claims 60-63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Acres USPUB 2001/0055990 (Acres) and Pascal 2003/0130041 (Pascal) and Bennett, US 6,572,471 (Bennett) and Giaclone, US 5,758,875 (Giaclone) in view of Angell, Jr. (US 6,368,218 B2).

Regarding Claims 60-62

Angell teaches the play of a game tournament wherein players are required to play at some minimum rate of play else the game machine will automatically conduct play of the tournament for them so slower inattentive players do not stop the game(Col 4, lines 7-16).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to include the automatic minimum rate of play feature of Angell with

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the combined teachings Acres, Pascal and Bennett as discussed in the rejection of Claim 34 so slower inattentive players do not stop the game as taught by Angell

Regarding Claim 63

Giacalone teaches a dynamic rate control method and apparatus for electronic games of chance which take samples of the rate of play of the gaming device to obtain a standard rate of play and adjust the rate of play accordingly (Col 3, lines14-17).

Giacalone is related to the prior at because it pertains to adjustments of rates of play for electronic gaming machines, therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to obtain a standard rate of play using sampling techniques taught by Giacalone in order to contribute to the feeling that the player was at least partially in control of the operation of the gaming machine (Col 1, lines 34-36) and delays the onset of boredom and allows the players to play the game at the frequency which is most comfortable to him (Col 2, lines 41-43).

It would have been obvious to incorporate such a teaching with the above invention to delay the onset of boredom as taught by Giacalone.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey K. Wong whose telephone number is (571)270-3003. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 8:30am-7:00pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Hotaling can be reached on (571)272-4437. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JKW

/Scott E. Jones/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3714